December 1, 1997

Introduced By:

Hague, Gossett, Nickels

Proposed No.:

97-671

ordinance no. 12942

AN ORDINANCE approving and adopting the class action settlement agreement negotiated between King County and Plaintiffs in Logan v. King County and Knox v. King County, and directing the executive to implement the terms of the agreement.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. The class action settlement agreement negotiated between King County and the plaintiffs in Logan v. King County, No. 93-2-20233-4 SEA, and Knox v. King County, No. 97-2-05811-2 SEA, consolidated with the Logan file number, attached hereto and by this reference made a part hereof, is hereby approved and adopted in substantially the same form as attached.

SECTION 2. Upon final approval of the class action settlement agreement by the Superior Court of the State of Washington, the executive is directed to implement the terms of the agreement.

INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this ______ day of Movember, 19 97 PASSED by a vote of 12 to 0 this 15 day of December, 1997

KING COUNTY COUNCIL

ATTEST:

APPROVED this

Attachment: Class Action Settlement Agreement, No. 93-2-20233-4 SEA

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Civil Track I Honorable Steven Scott, Judge SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR KING COUNTY MICHAEL J. LOGAN, et al., CONSOLIDATED **CLASS ACTIONS** Plaintiffs, NO. 93-2-20233-4 SEA V. KING COUNTY, Defendant. CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

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IX.

X.

I. INTRODUCTION

1. This Settlement Agreement is made pursuant to CR 23(e) to settle the class actions of Logan v. King County, No. 93-2-20233-4 SEA, and Knox v. King County, No. 97-2-05811-2 SEA, which were consolidated on June 20, 1997 with the Logan file number. This Agreement is intended to resolve fully and finally all claims of both Logan and Knox classes. except as otherwise provided in \$\mathbb{N}\$8 and 9. All provisions in the Agreement apply to the members of both classes unless an exception is specifically stated. Class membership alone does not necessarily make relief available; class members are entitled to relief only as specifically stated in this Settlement Agreement. The Settlement Agreement is not effective until it is approved by the Metropolitan King County Council and by the King County Superior Court.

II. **DEFINITIONS**

The following general definitions apply in this Agreement:

- 2. "Class members" refers to employees of King County ("the County) who are members of both the *Logan* and *Knox* classes, as defined in the *Logan* class certification order of June 21, 1994, and modified on July 12, 1996, and in the *Knox* class certification order of June 13, 1997.
- 3. "Settlement Agreement" or "Agreement" refers to this document, together with any attachments. The Settlement Agreement may include amendments, supplements and additions as part of this Agreement, but only if they are in writing and signed by counsel for both sides, approved by the Court, and specifically refer to this Agreement.
- 4. "Employees" or "County employees" refers to persons employed by King County and paid through the King County payroll system, which includes, on and after January 1, 1994, the payroll system of the former Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle ("Metro"). The definition

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of "employee" is limited because this Settlement Agreement does not deal with or affect the claims of some workers who assert they also are or were employees of King County (or formerly Metro) as stated in Part III, Claims Subject to this Agreement. The terms "County employee" and "employee" do not include employees working in the specific positions and departments that are not within the Career Service System established under §550 of the King County Charter. except that "County employee" and "employee" do include employees that have been considered exempt from Career Service because they are "part-time" or "temporary" to the extent described in this Agreement.

5. There are further definitions relating to specific Parts of this Agreement and these definitions are found elsewhere in the Agreement.

III. GENERAL MATTERS

Disputed Claims.

6. This Settlement Agreement is a compromise of disputed claims and is the product of negotiation. The County's entry into this Agreement is a result of compromise and it does not constitute an admission of liability by the County. The compromise embodied in this Agreement is intended to resolve certain claims of class members relating to exclusion from the County's Career Service, as stated in this Part.

Claims Subject to this Settlement Agreement.

7. This Settlement Agreement is intended to completely resolve and settle the claims of class members relating to their exclusion from Career Service due to their designation as "part-time" and/or "temporary" employees of King County, except as stated in ¶¶8-11. Plaintiffs maintain that the exclusion from Career Service based on such designations violates §550 of the King County Charter, as amended in King County Charter Amendment No. 3 (effective on

defining "part-time" and/or "temporary" employees, and furthermore that the classification which denies Career Service rights and benefits to certain employees designated "part-time" or "temporary" violates the requirement of equal treatment in the Washington Constitution. These specific claims concerning allegedly wrongful exclusion from Career Service, together with the related claims based on County ordinances providing particular items of compensation, benefits and protections to Career Service employees and all other claims asserted in plaintiffs' complaints, including claims for wrongful termination based on exclusion from Career Service, are completely settled and resolved by this Settlement Agreement. Moreover, claims under Washington state remedial statutes, RCW 49.48.030 and 49.52.070, for double damages, attorney fees, and costs are completely settled and resolved by this Settlement Agreement. Any other claims that might have been or may be raised by members of the class against King County — whether related to their employment or not — are not settled or resolved in this Settlement Agreement.

January 1, 1989), that in some cases the exclusion also violates provisions of certain ordinances

Exception Claims.

8. Some class members here are also members of another class certified in Clark v. King County, No. 95-2-29890-7 SEA. For these class members, the Career Service claims and the benefits and compensation claims described in ¶7 above are not fully resolved in this Settlement Agreement because the Clark case is not being settled in this Agreement. This Agreement therefore does not consider or take into account any work performed by class members for King County (including Metro after it was merged on January 1, 1994 into King County) while the class members (a) were considered or treated as "contractors" or "contract workers" and/or (b) received their paychecks from or through an agency ("temporary" or "payroll").

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 service" agency) for personal services performed for King County and/or (c) performed services for the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle or were paid directly or indirectly by the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle for work performed prior to its merger with King County effective January 1, 1994. Accordingly, class members who are also in the Clark class may be entitled to further monetary and/or other relief in Clark for the claims here due to the work which is not considered in this Agreement, potentially including matters such as further compensation and benefits, back pay, transition to Career Service, and/or reinstatement or compensation for terminations, if such relief is available in Clark

- 9. Because certain class members' additional service for King County and/or the former Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle as a Clark class member is not taken into account here at all, some class members might not obtain monetary or non-monetary relief that could otherwise be awarded here if the cumulative effect of work hours that are considered or compensated in this case were considered in combination with other work hours within Clark. For example, a class member here might appear to have worked insufficient hours in the King County payroll records during a particular time period to qualify for relief under this Agreement, but would qualify to obtain some relief in this case (or possibly qualify to obtain greater relief here), if all hours of work for King County during that time period were considered, including the hours of work that are within Clark. Any such cumulative effects or relief based on the aggregate hours of a person's service in both this case and in Clark, if there are any, shall be exclusively considered and decided in Clark. Therefore, some hours of work shown on King County payroll records may be considered and compensated in the Clark case, but in no event shall Clark plaintiffs be entitled to double recovery.
- 10. The County does not agree by the above provisions (¶¶8-9) that the claims in CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT 4

Clark have any merit or that the Clark class is entitled to any relief, nor does either the class here or the class in Clark agree, by this provision, that the work situation and entitlement to relief of class members in Clark are materially different from this case. Whatever similarities and differences there are, however, will be decided solely in the Clark litigation.

11. In addition, any individual who released all his or her employment claims in litigation prior to the effective date of the Court's orders of May 29, 1997 and June 10, 1997, shall not be entitled to any relief or compensation described in this Agreement.

Timeliness.

12. This Settlement Agreement includes certain commitments by parties and counsel to take actions before the Agreement is finally approved and such commitments are intended to be followed. Nonetheless, any procedural failure or error, such as a failure to act in a timely manner, does not preclude final approval and enforcement of the Settlement Agreement if the error can be corrected or made harmless (e.g., a failure to give adequate notice to class members might be corrected by giving further notice and possibly rescheduling the settlement hearing).

Effective Date.

County Council and by the King County Superior Court pursuant to CR 23(e). Notices of the proposed settlement to class members will be promptly distributed by the County, upon a schedule to be established by the parties and the Court. The settlement hearing date shall be scheduled by the Court. This Settlement Agreement is effective and binding upon the County Council's and the Superior Court's approval of the Agreement. However, upon execution of this Settlement Agreement, but prior to Council and Court approval and prior to dismissal of all claims, the parties agree that the litigation shall be stayed except as provided in this Agreement.

IV. RELIEF FOR THE FUTURE

Annual Review and Appeal Process.

- 14. King County agrees that both operational efficiency and fair and equitable employment practices, as well as the intent of the Career Service provisions herein, are advanced by the use of Career Service employees. Therefore, it is the policy of King County to have ongoing, relatively stable, and predictable bodies of work, viewed on an annualized basis, that are necessary to the provision of County services performed by Career Service employees, not by temporary employees and to maximize its use of full-time employees to perform regular work. Guidance concerning what is meant by "ongoing, relatively stable, and predictable bodies of work" and illustrations of some of the practices that the parties intend to affect are set forth in Part IV, ¶¶33-39.
- 15. King County also has the need for term-limited project temporary employees.

 These employees are not members of the Career Service, but they will receive full employee benefits, including paid leave benefits and insured benefits, e.g., medical and dental benefits.

Definitions.

- 16. As used in Parts IV and V, the following definitions apply:
- A. "Committee" means the Career Service Review Committee.
- B. "Insured benefits" means the package of medical, dental, vision, and basic life, accidental death and dismemberment, and long term disability insurance (whether purchased through a carrier or handled on a self-insured basis by the County) provided in that calendar year to the largest group of career service employees.
- C. "Direct cost" means the aggregate of the actual weighted average cost for insured benefits. Direct Cost does not include the cost of King County's overhead for administering the

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benefits internal service fund.

By way of example, in 1996 the Direct Cost of the insured benefits package was \$375.69 (medical \$281.08 + vision \$9.83 + dental \$77.43 + other insurance \$7.35).

- D. "OHRM Director" means the Director of the Office of Human Resources

 Management.
- E. "Term-limited project employee" means an employee who performs time-limited work related to a specific grant, capital improvement project, information systems technology project, or other non-routine, substantial body of work, for a period greater than six months, including the types of bodies of work identified below. Term-limited project employees are not members of the Career Service, but they shall receive full employee benefits, e.g., paid leave benefits and insured benefits, including medical and dental. In determining whether a body of work is appropriate for a term-limited project employee, the department and the Committee will consider the following:
 - i. Grant-funded projects: These employees will be involved in projects or activities that are funded by special grants for a specific time or activity. These grants are not those that are regularly available to, nor are their receipt predictable, by the County.
 - ii. Information systems technology projects: These employees will be needed to plan and implement new information systems projects for the County. Term-limited employees may not be used for ongoing maintenance of systems that have been implemented.
 - iii. Capital Improvement projects: These employees will be involved in the management of major construction projects. Term-limited project employees may not be used for ongoing management of buildings or facilities once they have been built.
 - iv. Miscellaneous projects: Other significant and substantial bodies of work may be appropriate for term-limited employees. These bodies of work must be either non-routine projects for the department, or related to the initiation or cessation of a County function, project, or department.
 - v. Seasonal Positions Exceeding Annual Hourly Limits. Employees who work

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more than six consecutive months, half-time or more, with total hours exceeding 910 or 1,040 in a calendar year, in positions that, due to the nature of the work, have predictable periods of inactivity exceeding one month.

vi. Temporary Placement in Regular Positions. Employees who fill regular positions for six months or more due to a Career Service employee's temporary absence such as extended leave.

Annual Review Procedures.

- The County will conduct an annual review as described herein. By March 1 of 17. each year, beginning March 1, 1999, each department, except those not subject to the Career Service System, shall prepare and submit to the Committee a report documenting its use of parttime and temporary employees in the preceding calendar year. The report shall describe the hours worked by each employee, both year-to-date and cumulative, the number of years the employee has been a part-time or temporary employee, the type of work performed by each such employee, and the classification that would apply if the work were performed by a Career Service employee. The report shall also specify whether the employee's position is within a work unit where the 35-hour week or 40-hour week is standard. The report shall identify and describe any ongoing, relatively stable and predictable bodies of work that could be performed instead by regular, full-time or part-time half-time-or-more, Career Service employees, and shall identify with specificity that body of work. The report shall also address whether the work performed by two or more part-time or temporary employees could be consolidated into a single Career Service position. The report shall also state whether the work, if not suitable for a Career Service position, should be performed by a term-limited project employee, rather than a less-than-halftime part-time employee or temporary employee.
- 18. Each such report shall be reviewed by the Committee that shall consist of the following three permanent members: Deputy County Executive or his or her designee; Chief

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Budget and Strategic Planning Officer or his or her designee; the OHRM Director or his or her designee; and one floating member, the applicable department director or his or her designee.

- factual determination as to whether, in light of the Charter's provisions on Career Service and the above-stated reasons for the Annual Review Process, an ongoing, relatively stable and predictable body of work on an annualized basis has been identified. If the Committee determines that such a body of work exisits, the Committee, in consultation with the affected department, may recommend (1) the creation of any new regular part-time or full-time Career Service position(s), or (2) the filling of an existing vacant Career Service position in which the work is being performed by a temporary or part-time employee(s), or (3) the creation of a term-limited project employee position, or (4) the cessation of the work. If the Committee identifies such a body of work, but the Committee does not make any of the recommendations described above, the department must discontinue the use of part-time or temporary employees to perform that work. If the Committee recommends creation of a Career Service position, but the County Council does not create such a position, the department shall discontinue performance of the pertinent body of work by temporary or part-time employees.
- 20. The reports of each department and of the Committee and the records of their proceedings shall be considered disclosable public records and shall also be made available to the County Council.

Effect of Exceeding Threshold Hours.

21. Part-time and temporary employees who exceed the calendar year working hour thresholds set forth in the definitions of part-time or temporary employees in the ordinances that accompany this Agreement shall receive a one-time only retroactive payment in an amount equal CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT - 9

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to the Direct Cost of three months of insured benefits, and thereafter, on a monthly basis, while still employed or until hired into a regular or term-limited position the employee (1) shall be paid an amount equal to the Direct Cost made by the County for each employee for whom insured benefits are provided, pro rated to reflect the affected employee's normal work week on an annualized basis, provided, however, at the employee's option there may be a payroll deduction for medical coverage at the County's current composite rate for the medical plan selected by the employee, provided such medical plan is then available to the employee, and if the "direct cost" due to the employee is less then the composite rate, the employee would pay the difference through a payroll deduction; if the Direct Cost is in excess of the composite rate of the medical plan, the excess would be paid to the employee. If the employee elects to participate in an available medical plan, the employee must remain in the medical plan until the end of the plan year or until termination from County employment, whichever occurs first, even if the employee's hours drop resulting in a lower benefits replacement payment. By way of example, assume an employee worked 75% of the time worked by a full-time employee. Assume the Direct Cost is \$\$420.68 (for 1997). The employee elects to participate in the KingCare Preferred medical plan. The monthly cost of the plan (in 1997) is \$347.27. The employee would be entitled to receive \$315.51 (.75 x \$420.68) or the employee could elect to participate in the medical plan, with the \$315.51 applied through a payroll deduction to the medical coverage, and the employee paying the difference of \$31.76.

In addition to the value of the insured benefits, these employees may also appeal their classification as provided below.

Appeal Procedure.

22. Part-time and temporary employees who exceed the calendar-year working-hour CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT - 10

thresholds set forth in the definitions contained in the draft ordinance accompanying this agreement may seek conversion of a body of work in which they perform work into a regular part-time or full-time Career Service position by appeal to the Committee. Conversion decisions shall be based on whether the work performed by the employee is an ongoing, relatively stable. and predictable body of work that is half time or more, even though the work was not perceived as such previously, and whether it should be performed by a regular part-time or full-time Career Service employee. The Committee shall also decide, if the body of work does not warrant a Career Service position, whether the position should be converted to a term-limited project employee position, as set forth in ¶16.E and 29 of this Agreement. The Committee shall determine whether the work performed by the employee shall (1) remain outside Career Service as part-time or temporary, (2) be converted to a term-limited project employee position that receives benefits, or (3) be converted to a part-time or full-time Career Service position.

- 23. The Committee shall make its determination within 45 days of the employee's request. In the event of a tie vote by the Committee, where half the Committee finds that the body of work should be converted, the appeal shall be deemed to have prevailed. The Committee shall make a recommendation to the Executive for recommendation to the Council. The Committee's determination shall be submitted to the County Council if the Committee decides the body of work should be performed by a Career Service employee and that further FTE authority is required. If the County Council does not approve the additional FTE authority, the work must be discontinued and not performed by temporary or part-time employees.
- 24. If the Committee finds that the work performed by the employee should remain less-than-half-time part-time or temporary, the employee may appeal within ten days from the date of receipt of the Committee's finding by filing a Notice of Appeal with the Committee. The

Committee shall direct the appeal to be considered by a King County hearing examiner or, at its option, the Committee may direct the appeal be considered by an independent, neutral arbitrator who will make a final determination. The arbitrator shall be chosen by the parties (King County and the appellant) and shall be paid by the County. The hearing examiner's or arbitrator's discretion shall be confined to upholding the Committee's finding or overturning the Committee's finding and determining that the body of work should be converted to a regular part-time (half-time or more) or full-time Career Service position, or a term-limited project employee position. The decision shall be based on whether the work performed by the employee is an ongoing, relatively stable, and predictable body of work and is half-time or more, under the same standards applicable to the Committee, or on whether the work meets the definition of term-limited project employee as set forth in ¶16.E. Employees covered by a grievance procedure contained in a collective bargaining agreement may elect either to use the grievance procedure, if the applicable collective bargaining agreement permits it, or to use the appeal procedure described above, but not both procedures.

25. If the hearing examiner or arbitrator overturns the Committee's findings, any new Career Service or term-limited position must be absorbed by the department within its authorized FTE level, or within funds available for term-limited work, provided that the Department may request additional FTE or budget authority. The appealing employee will be placed in the Career Service position as a provisional appointee, with insured benefits and leave benefits, until a competitive hiring process, which substantially takes into account and weighs the experience of the employee performing the tasks of the position, is completed. If the appealing employee is selected for the position, his or her start date will be the date of the provisional appointment for all purposes, including seniority and/or a probationary period, except that those employees

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covered by a collective bargaining agreement the date of the appointment shall be determined in accordance with the collective bargaining agreement or by the collective bargaining process. If the employee is placed in a term-limited project position, his or her start date will be the date of his or her appointment to the term-limited project position for all purposes, except for those employees covered by collective bargaining agreements, whose start date will be determined by the collective bargaining agreement or by the collective bargaining agreement process.

Appeal Procedure For Term-Limited Project Employees.

26. A term-limited project employee who exceeds his or her term may appeal to the Committee to have the body of work converted to a Career Service position. The Committee shall decide whether the body of work still warrants a term-limited project employee designation or should be converted to a Career Service position. If a majority of the Committee finds that the body of work should continue as a term-limited project employee position, the employee may appeal within ten days from the date of receipt of the Committee's finding by filing a Notice of Appeal with the Committee. In the event of a tie vote, the appeal shall be deemed to prevail. The appeal process shall be the same as for part-time and temporary employees, ¶22-25, provided, however, if the appeal prevails the employee shall be placed in a Career Service position, not a provisional appointment, and the employee shall not be required to serve a probationary period.

Notice of Appeal Procedure.

27. By no later than July 15, 1998, the County shall provide a summary explaining the appeal procedures to each then-employed part-time and temporary and term-limited project employee and a summary shall be provided to each temporary employee and each term-limited employee with his/her hire.

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Effect of Appeal on Discharge.

28. Nothing in this agreement shall restrict King County's ability to terminate part-time and temporary employees who exceed the calendar-year working-hour threshold set forth in the definitions of part-time or temporary employees contained in the draft ordinance acompanying this Agreement, provided, however, that if an employee seeks conversion of the body of work by appeal to the Committee, any termination shall not become effective until the conclusion of the appeal process described herein. If the employee's appeal is successful, the effect is as described in \$\mathbb{Q}25\$.

Term-Limited Project Employees.

- 29. Term-limited project appointments can be made for purposes stated in the definitions above (¶16.E) and also to backfill positions for regular employees who work on any of the types of term-limited projects. All term-limited appointments will be made by the department in consultation with the OHRM Director prior to the appointment of term-limited employees. The OHRM Director will be responsible for maintaining a current list of all term-limited project employees by department. This list shall describe the work performed by the term-limited project employees, identify the pertinent category (i, ii, iii, iv, v, or vi) in the definition of term-limited project employee (¶16.E of this Agreement), state the duration of the term-limited employee's term, state the expiration date of the term, and identify the employee's department(s). This list shall be disclosable public record.
- 30. Employees may not be employed in term-limited positions by the County longer than three years beyond the date of hire, except for grant-funded projects, capital improvement projects, and information systems technology projects for which the maximum period may extend up to five years upon approval of the OHRM Director. A project term-limited position is

a temporary position, not a regular position, i.e., a position with an indefinite term.

31. The parties do not intend by this term-limited employee provision to affect any provision of any collective bargaining agreement without approval by the collective bargaining representatives.

Council's Authority.

32. Nothing in these review and appeal provisions affects the authority of the County Council to determine that a function shall be eliminated or a body of work discontinued.

Guidelines for the Identification of Ongoing, Predictable, Stable Bodies of Work.

- 33. A review of part-time and temporary non-Career Service employees will be conducted by the Career Service Review Committee to determine whether an ongoing, relatively stable, and predictable body of work exists. This standard will be utilized by the Career Service Review Committee when reviewing a body of work whether the body of work is temporary, term-limited, or part-time. If such a body of work is determined to exist and is half-time or more on an annualized basis, a Career Service position will be used to perform the work or the department will cease the utilization of temporary or part-time non-Career Service employees to perform the work. In the course of reviewing bodies of work, King County will consolidate positions and will maximize the use of full-time employees.
- 34. Work is ongoing and should be performed by a Career Service employee even though an employee may have limited periods below half-time hours of work, so long as on an annualized basis the employee is working half-time or more. Similarly, the fact that the work may have some seasonality or irregularity does not mean that work is not predictable or relatively stable so long as the work when viewed as whole on an annualized basis requires an employee to work half-time or more. The following examples illustrate the parties' intention regarding an

legitimately performed by temporary or part-time employees. There may also be term-limited jobs in such seasonal bodies of work, as stated in ¶16.E.v.

- 38. If the work is ongoing, relatively stable, and predictable, it is not appropriate for a department to make the work seem otherwise by dividing hours of work among employees to give the appearance that the work is not ongoing, relatively stable, and predictable. Thus, the practice of having a temporary receptionist work for six months, only to be replaced with another temporary receptionist who works for six months, is not permissible. In this illustration the work should be performed by a single employee in the Career Service, not by a series of temporary employees who are outside Career Service.
- 39. As part of its annual review, King County will review all part-time and temporary non-Career Service employees. Positions which have required hours close to but not exceeding 910/1040 hours in successive years will be reviewed to ensure that an artificial limit is not being placed on such bodies of work. The parties acknowledge there may be operational efficiencies achieved in some instances by aggregating work performed by two or more part-time employees, each of whose hours is below the allowable limit. In such instances, the County should aggregate the work so that it is performed by a Career Service employee.

Charter Amendment.

40. While the parties believe that term-limited project temporary employees are encompassed by §550 of the Charter, this Agreement does not preclude the County from proposing to the voters a Charter Amendment to confirm the exclusion of term-limited project temporary employees from the Career Service.

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ongoing, relatively stable, and predictable body of work.

- 35. For example, when an employee works around or even below half-time for some months, followed by other months substantially above half-time, the employee's work is ongoing, relatively stable, and predictable. If an employee usually worked 18 hours per week (in a 40 hour per week agency) for a full year, but for certain weeks the body of work requires substantially more hours so that the employee worked more than 1040 hours in that year, this body of work would be ongoing, relatively stable, and predictable.
- 36. Seasonal bodies of work are not ongoing. For a body of work to be ongoing it must be a year-round body of work. However, the fact that some employees in a job classification may perform a seasonal job that should be performed by non-Career Service employees does not make all employees in the job classification ineligible for Career Service. For example, although some lifeguards work at beaches open only in the summer and are thus short-term seasonal employees who should not be in the Career Service, lifeguards who work year-round should not be excluded from the Career Service if they regularly work half-time or more on an annualized basis. Thus, in this example, it is the amount of work regularly performed, on an annualized basis, not the kind of work (but the body of work must still be ongoing, relatively stable, and predictable), that determines whether the position should be in the career service.
- 37. There are certain bodies of work where the volume increases at certain points in the year such as the growing season or warmer weather for bodies of work including, but not limited to, parks ground maintenance, roadside litter detail, and surface water facility maintenance. If it is predictable that certain individuals will be needed year-round to perform the stable body of work, the work should be performed by a Career Service employee. However, the periods of limited duration which require additional people during certain points in the year, are

Ordinances.

- 41. The County will adopt or amend ordinances implementing this Agreement. The ordinance amendments cannot be further amended or repealed within five years of their effective date, except for minor modifications approved by the parties.
- 42. The County shall not evade the requirements of this Agreement by designating its employees as independent contractors, paid directly by the County, or by paying them through temporary employment or payroll service agencies.

V. TRANSITION PROVISIONS

Creation of Career Service Fully-Benefited Position.

Introduction/Purpose.

43. The County employs many part-time and temporary non-Career Service employees who do not work half-time or more or who are genuinely short-term employees. The County
also has employed a substantial number of part-time and temporary employees who work halftime or more, for extended periods of time performing ongoing, relatively stable, and predictable
bodies of work. The purpose of this transitional section for the creation of Career Service jobs
and term-limited project jobs is to change King County practices and classifications for existing
class members and potential class members. As explained more fully below, this Agreement
provides for three mechanisms to integrate certain class members and potential class members
into the Career Service and into term-limited project positions.

Class Members And Future Class Members Included In the Transition Process.

44. For purpose of this transitional section, class member employees as of July 31, 1997 are categorized into two groups: (A) employees who worked more than 910 hours in a 12-month period in those work units where the 35-hour week is standard or 1040 hours in a 12-

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month period in those work units where the 40-hour work week is standard and (B) temporary and part-time employees who have not met those hours-of-work thresholds. The first group is called Group A employees (class members) and the second group is called Group B employees (potential class members). Group B employees who meet the hours threshold (910/1040) based on 1997 year-end payroll records (*i.e.*, through December 31, 1997) are hereafter referred to as Group B-1 employees. All other Group B employees are B-2 employees. Class members who are not employed as of July 31, 1997 are not covered by this Part V of the Agreement. Class members and potential class members who are King County Stadium employees are addressed by a separate section.

Creation of New Positions To Be Filled By Class Members.

Process For Creation of New Positions

- At the time of executing this Agreement, the parties do not know how many Career Service and term-limited project positions should be created based on the standards set forth in Part IV of this Agreement. The parties do not know in part because many part-time and temporary positions have no job title (simply listing the work performed as "extra-help") and the parties do not know whether work performed by these employees meets the standards set forth in \$\pi_17, 33-39\$ of this Agreement for career service employees and in \$\pi_16.E\$ and 29 for project term-limited employees.
- 46. To create Career Service positions and term-limited project positions, referenced in ¶45, the County will use the process set forth in the annual review of work performed by its current employees. The first departmental reports for work being performed by current employees, both class members and potential class members, will be completed and submitted to the Committee by December 31, 1997. The Committee will complete its review and recommend the

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number of Career Service positions and term-limited project positions that should be created by February 27, 1998. In deciding how many positions should be created, the Committee may consolidate the work performed by class members and/or potential class members to create a single position, although the work has been performed previously by one or more employees. The Committee may also decide the work performed by one or more class members or potential class members should not be performed by the County at all. The Committee will make its recommendation and the Executive shall submit his or her recommendation to the County Council no later than March 17, 1998.

Procedure for Filling Newly-Created Positions.

- 47. The new positions created in ¶46 above will be open to Group A and Group B-1 as set forth below.
- 48. The hiring authority for each department will first consider Group A employees within that department for the newly-created positions in that department. If no such employee is hired, the hiring authority will consider all other Group A employees. Group A employees seeking to be employed in a newly-created position shall submit a letter of interest (in the form approved by OHRM). Employees who meet the minimum qualifications shall be considered for the position. Where more than one Group A member is qualified for the position, the selection shall be based on the employee's qualifications, including the employee's work history, and the time the employee has worked in the same or similar positions. Where employees in a bargaining unit represented by a labor union, the selection shall be based on the collective bargaining and/or negotiation process with the labor union.
- 49. In the event a position is not filled by any Group A employee, then employees in Group B-1 who meet the qualifications for that position may be considered for the newly-created

position. The procedure and basis for selecting the employee to fill the position shall be as set forth in ¶48 above.

Probationary Period.

- 50. Where a new position is created in a department and is filled by the class member in that department who had been performing that job or a substantially similar job, and the class member has been working six (6) months or more, the probationary period shall be deemed completed and the class member shall not serve any probationary period.
- 51. Where the class member fills a newly-created job in a department different from the one where he/she previously worked, or, if the job for which the employee is selected is not substantially similar to the employee's previous job, then the employee shall serve the same probationary period as other employees in that department. For class members covered by a collective bargaining agreement, their seniority date will be determined by the collective bargaining agreement or by the collective bargaining process. For class members who are not part of a bargaining unit, their seniority date shall be the date of their placement in the new position.

Placement of Class Members And Potential Class Members In Regularly-Created and Vacated Positions.

52. Starting Friday, October 17, 1997, Group A employees shall have a preference for all other new or vacant positions in King County as these positions become available. (These positions are in addition to the positions that will be created as described above in ¶45-46). The preference shall cease May 1, 1998 (but see "Recall Rights" below). The County expects to have many new and vacant Career Service positions and it anticipates that class members will be able to fill many of these jobs as the jobs become available.

Vacation Accrual Date.

53. The vacation accrual date for Group A employees who are placed by the County in Career Service positions or term-limited project positions pursuant to any of the above positions shall be their original hire date, except that class members hired prior to January 1. 1989 shall have a hire date for vacation accrual purposes of January 1, 1989. The class member's original hire date may be adjusted on the same bases as Career Service employees, e.g., separation from the payroll due to the employee's voluntary termination, dismissal for cause, retirement, voluntary leave of absence, family leave or disability.

Recall Rights.

54. If there are any Group A employees who are not placed in a Career Service or a term-limited project position, either because they lack qualifications for the positions created or because there are fewer positions needed than there are qualified employees, the Group A employees shall be given the recall rights of a Career Service employee. King County's recall system is quite effective, with about a 90% placement rate for employees who are laid off with recall rights.

Appeal.

55. Group B-1 employees who believe that a Career Service position or term-limited project employee position should have been created for their work may appeal to the Committee under the procedure set forth in ¶22-25 of the Agreement for employees who exceed the work hours threshold. Such appeals shall be filed with the Committee within 30 days of the County Council's action on the Committee's recommendations, as referenced in ¶46.

Interim Relief For Class Members.

56. Group A employees who are not receiving insured benefits, beginning January 1.

1998, and ending at the termination of employment, hiring into a benefitted position, or December 31, 1998, whichever comes first shall be paid an amount equal to the Direct Cost made by the County for employees for whom insured benefits are provided, *pro rated* to reflect the affected employee's normal work week on an annualized basis or elect a payroll deduction for a medical plan, under the same terms as in ¶21 above. Group A members will also receive an additional 15% of their gross pay in each paycheck to compensate them for paid leave benefits. For Group A employees who are receiving benefit offsets, the 15% will replace the benefit offset unless the benefit offset currently provided to the employee is higher. Group A and Group B employees currently receiving ABC insured benefits will continue to receive those benefits.

Vacation Accrual Rate and Pay Step Adjustments.

- 57. Many class members have already become members of King County's Career Service system or may become members of the Career Service. Previous service as class members may not have been applied to vacation accrual or the appropriate pay step placement. Under this agreement, the vacation accrual date for class members who are members of the Career Service or who may become members of the Career Service shall be their initial date of hire as a part-time or temporary employee, but not earlier than January 1, 1989. The initial hire date may be adjusted on the same bases as adjustments for Career Service employees as explained in ¶53 above.
- 58. Class members who are now members or become members of the Career Service may also apply by July 1, 1998, for reconsideration of their pay step placement within the applicable pay range assigned to their classification for the work performed after July 1, 1998. In

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deciding whether the employee's pay step should be adjusted, the County shall consider the class member's prior service as a part-time or temporary employee. This provision applies only to future work performed by class members after July 1, 1998. The procedure to apply for reconsideration of their job pay step shall be the same as for career service employees. By June 1, 1998, the County shall inform class members described in this section of their right to seek reconsideration of their pay step placement. The procedure for review of classification or pay range assignment shall be the same as for Career Service employees.

King County Stadium Employees.

- 59. In approximately two or three years, the King County Stadium (Kingdome) will no longer be a County function. Accordingly, class members and potential class members who work for the Stadium are a special category of term-limited project employees. King County will use the annual review process for Kingdome employees to determine whether they are performing ongoing, relatively stable and predictable bodies of work half-time or more on an annualized basis, and, if it so determines, instead of creating Career Service positions, the County may create term-limited project positions for Kingdome employees, as defined in ¶¶16.E and 29 of this Agreement. Kingdome employees who are Group A members will be offered those positions in the same manner as other Group A employees in other departments. Group B-1 employees will be offered term-limited project positions if there are more such positions in the Kingdome than Group A members to fill them.
- 60. Any Group A Stadium employee who does not receive a term-limited project position will have the right to apply for vacant or new King County Career Service positions for which he/she is qualified as an internal King County candidate and shall have recall rights for any Career Service or term-limited project positions for which he or she is qualified.

The vacation accrual date for any Kingdome Group A employee who receives a term-limited project position shall be the employee's original hire date, but not earlier than January 1, 1989, and may be adjusted on the same bases as adjustments for Career Service employees (see ¶53).

Named Plaintiffs.

62. The 17 named plaintiffs in *Logan* and *Knox* shall have recall rights as stated in ¶54, even if they are not currently employed by the County.

VI. DISTRIBUTION OF COMPENSATION

Class Distribution Fund.

63. The Class Distribution Fund shall be funded by King County in the total amount of \$22 million. The Fund shall be distributed in accordance with the provisions of Part VI and Part VIII.

Definitions.

For purposes of Part VI and Part VIII, the following definitions are used:

64. "Half-Time" means working at least half-time in any period of twelve consecutive months -- at least 910 hours in a 12-month period in a work unit in which a 35-hour week is standard or at least 1040 hours in a work unit in which a 40-hour week is standard. An employee need not work any particular number of hours in a specific month within the 12-month period to be Half-Time in the 12-month period, taken as a whole. For purposes of Distribution of Compensation, Part VI, partial Class Member Service Periods that follow an initial Class Member Service Period and which are not a full 12 months due to an event affecting Class Member Service such as termination, separation, reduction in hours, or change to employment in a Career Service job, "Half-Time" shall be *pro rated* for the portion of the Class Member Service

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 Period before the event that ended Class Member Service. For any particular calendar month of Class Member Service for purposes of Distribution of Compensation (see Part VI), "Half-Time" means either 76 hours in a calendar month for employees whose work unit has a 35-hour workweek or 87 hours in a calendar month for employees whose work unit has a 40-hour workweek.

- 65. "Class Member Service" means service for King County as a class member beginning when the employee worked Half-Time or more, but not including any time while receiving County health and paid leave benefits as a Career Service or as an exempt employee and not including any service in departments that are outside the Career Service system (e.g., King County Executive's Office, King County Prosecuting Attorney's Office, Metropolitan King County Council, King County Superior Court, King County District Court). Class Member Service does not include service under a collective bargaining agreement entered into by the former Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle prior to January 1, 1994 until the expiration of such agreement.
- 66. "Class Member Service Period" is a period of twelve consecutive months in Class Member Service calculated as stated in this definition. For each employee who worked Half-Time or more in Class Member Service, the employee's first Class Member Service Period begins on the "Beginning Date," which is the first day of the first month of the first period of twelve consecutive months in which the employee worked Half-Time. Subsequent Class Member Service Periods are the 12-month periods starting on each anniversary date of the Beginning Date while the employee remains employed, whether or not the class member is Half-Time in such subsequent 12-month periods.

Eligible Class Members.

- 67. "Eligible Class Members" are King County employees who meet the following criteria:
 - 68. Employed on or after January 1, 1989 and up to December 31, 1997;
- 69. Paid through the King County payroll system for work during the period described in criterion A and/or paid through the payroll system of the former Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle for work on or after January 1, 1994 and up to December 31, 1997;
- 70. Defined as "part-time" and/or "temporary" County employees and either

 (1) excluded from Career Service or (2) denied the insured benefits and/or paid leave benefits received by Career Service employees;
- 71. Worked at least Half-Time on an annualized basis, not necessarily in each month, in any period of twelve consecutive months (i.e., in a Class Member Service Period); and
- 72. Worked in Class Member Service for more than nine months (i.e., if an employee worked Half-Time -- over 910 hours or 1040 hours -- in a period of nine or fewer consecutive months, but terminated Class Member Service prior to the beginning of the tenth month, such as by leaving employment with the County or by becoming a Career Service employee, the employee is not an Eligible Class Member).

Distributions to Eligible Class Members

73. Distributions to Eligible Class Members will be based on two benefits not received: (1) insured benefits and (2) paid leave, plus (3) prejudgment interest.

Insured Benefits.

74. For insured benefits (including medical, dental, vision, disability and life insurance benefits), distributions to each Eligible Class Member will be based on the number of CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT - 27

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months in each calendar year (1989 through 1997) in which (a) he or she worked Half-Time in a Class Member Service Period, (b) but only for the particular months within such Class Member Service Periods in which the Eligible Class Member worked Half-Time, (c) only for those months where the employee did not receive medical benefits under plans to which the County contributes, and (d) only for those months in which he/she was paid less than \$35 per hour in base pay (i.e., not including any benefits or benefit offset). The first three Half-Time months of the first Class Member Service Period will be eliminated due to the County's standard benefit waiting period. The number of remaining Half-Time months for each Eligible Class Member in any Class Member Service Period will be determined for each calendar year and be multiplied by the monthly amount for insured benefits established in the Court Order of July 11, 1997 determining the monthly value of these benefits for each calendar year from 1989 to 1997. This yields the total base value of insured benefits for each Eligible Class Member for each calendar year. Prejudgment interest on this base value will be calculated for each Eligible Class Member from the end of each calendar year to the date payments will be made. Employees who have already received payment for health insurance benefits during the period covered by this agreement (e.g., pursuant to a union grievance or other litigation) shall not receive payment for the particular months in which payment has already been received.

Paid Leave.

75. Paid leave includes vacation, holiday, sick leave, and miscellaneous leave. In total, paid leave equals about 15% of paid hours for Career Service employees. Compensation for denial of paid leave benefits will be based on 15% of gross pay for all Class Member Service Periods in which the class member worked Half-Time, except Class Member Service Periods (or portions thereof) for which a benefit offset was received (including, as received, benefit offset

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payments received retroactively under collective bargaining agreements or in settlement of the class action of *Woo v. King County*, No. 96-2-02874-6 SEA). The paid leave benefits due to each Eligible Class Member that were not covered or reimbursed by a benefit offset payment shall be calculated as 15% of the gross pay of Class Member Service Periods in which the Eligible Class Member worked Half-Time to determine the base value of paid leave benefits for each Eligible Class Member for each calendar year, but only for those months in which he/she was paid less than \$35 per hour in base pay. Prejudgment interest on this base value is calculated for each Eligible Class Member from the end of each calendar year to the date payments will be made.

Prejudgment Interest.

76. Prejudgment interest shall be 12% annual simple interest (not compounded), or 1% per month simple interest. RCW 19.52.010.

Distribution Formula.

77. The Class Distribution Fund shall be distributed *pro rata* to Eligible Class Members based on the distribution formula described here. The base values of insured benefits for all Eligible Class Members shall be aggregated into a total dollar amount (without interest) for the dollar amount known as A in the formula below. The base values of all paid leave benefits for Eligible Class Members shall be aggregated into a total dollar amount (without interest) for the dollar amount known as B in the formula below. The aggregated total dollar amount of prejudgment interest for insured benefits for all Eligible Class Members shall be C in the formula. The aggregated total dollar amount of prejudgment interest for paid leave benefits for Eligible Class Members shall be D in the formula. Any particular Eligible Class Member may not necessarily have these four components of the formula (A, B, C, and D).

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| 78. The aggregated totals for all Eligible Class Members of all four component items |
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| (A, B, C and D) will be added together in a sum known as Y, which is the denominator of a |
| fraction for this formula. The numerator of the fraction, X, is the amount of the Class Distribu- |
| tion Fund after a 22% deduction for attorney fees (see ¶81) and the deduction in the next |
| paragraph below, ¶79. This fraction, the pro rata distribution fraction, X divided by Y, is the |
| fraction upon which pro rata distributions will be based. Each Eligible Class Member shall |
| receive the same pro rata distribution fraction for each of the four possible payment components |
| (A, B, C, and D). (For example, if a hypothetical class member's payment component base |
| values are A (\$4,000 for insured benefits), B (\$1,000 for paid leave), C (\$1,500 for interest on |
| insured benefits) and D (\$500 for interest on paid leave) and the pro rata distribution fraction (X |
| divided by Y) is 71/100ths (or 0.71), the class member will receive 71% of each component, or |
| \$2840 for insured benefits (A), \$710 for paid leave (B), \$1015 for interest or insured benefits (c), |
| and \$355 for interest on paid leave benefits (D).) |

Named Plaintiffs.

79. The 17 named plaintiffs in Logan and Knox will receive the gross amount calculated for their insured benefits and paid leave benefits, with interest, without any pro rata reduction or attorney fee deduction (¶81) and without any nine-month exception (¶72). In addition, the 17 named plaintiffs shall receive \$1,500 cash for participation as class representatives, including discovery matters, meetings, testimony, and the commencement of these lawsuits. These additional sums received by the named plaintiffs (\$25,500) shall be deducted from the numerator of the *pro rata* distribution fraction (X).

Attorney Fees and Costs.

The Washington Supreme Court determined the method of computing attorneys' CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT - 30

fees to be awarded in a class action for employee benefits in *Bowles v. Dept. of Retirement Systems*, 121 Wn.2d 52 (1993). In *Bowles*, a class of public employees obtained a declaratory judgment concerning calculation of their average compensation that effectively increased their future pension benefits. The Supreme Court determined that the "common fund" approach should be applied in calculating fees for the attorneys representing the class in *Bowles* and that attorney fees should be set as a percentage of the recovery for the class. 121 Wn.2d at 72-73. The Court said that 20 to 30 percent is the usual "common fund" fee award and this range is a reasonable percentage. It also said the "benchmark" fee award in "common fund" cases is 25 percent of the recovery. *Id.* The Supreme Court applied this percentage of recovery approach in *Bowles* to the present value of the public employees' future pension benefits obtained in that case. *Id.* at 57. The approach set forth in *Bowles* is applied here.

- The Class Distribution Fund for monetary compensation to the class set forth in \$63 is \$22,000,000. A reasonable percentage for an award of attorney fees is 22% of this recovery, or \$4,840,000. This percentage shall be deducted from the *pro rata* distribution to Eligible Class Members (see \$78\$) and paid to Bendich, Stobaugh & Strong, P.C., the law firm representing the class, on the scheduled class payment date, which is on or before July 15, 1998.
- 82. The value of future benefits here is based on the future benefits for the class provided in Parts IV and V. The plaintiff class members estimate the value of those benefits at \$12 million to \$17 million, and a reasonable fee award is at \$1,800,000. This amount is not deducted from the Class Distribution Fund and shall be paid by King County to Bendich, Stobaugh & Strong, P.C., the law firm representing the class, after January 1, 1998 and no later than March 1, 1998.
- 83. In addition, the law firm representing the class has incurred substantial costs and CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT 31

expenses. It will incur further time in connection with monitoring the County's implementation of the Settlement and the transition of employees into Career Service positions. A reasonable amount to cover those fees and costs is \$172,500, which shall be paid by King County to Bendich, Stobaugh & Strong, P.C., the law firm representing the class, within seven days after Superior Court approval of this Settlement Agreement. This amount is not paid from the Class Distribution Fund. It covers all statutory costs, expert witness fees, and computer analyses, as well as attorney fees connected with monitoring implementation of this Settlement up to the dismissal date of this action (see Part X), even if the time required by counsel for the class has been underestimated or there are unexpected further time requirements. This amount does not include any County litigation expenses or the County's costs associated with the Settlement.

Deductions from Pay.

84. The compensation to be paid Eligible Class Members under the Agreement, as stated in the above the Distribution Formula, includes back pay for paid leave benefits, compensation for failure to provide insured benefits, and prejudgment interest. With respect to the back pay portion and the insured benefit portion of each class member's check, and the 17 named plaintiffs' \$1,500 payments, the County shall make appropriate deductions for federal income tax, FICA, and Medicare tax, as well as any state-mandated PERS deduction to the extent applicable. With respect to the interest portion, no deductions shall be made, but the interest shall be reported to the IRS with the appropriate Form 1099.

VII. SETTLEMENT APPROVAL PROCEDURE

Notices.

85. The parties shall prepare a proposed notice of settlement hearing and summary of the proposed Settlement Agreement to be distributed to the class. The proposed notice shall be

presented to the Court for its approval. The notice shall summarize major terms of the Settlement Agreement, state the time, date and place of the settlement hearing, and explain the procedures and deadlines for submitting written comments or objections. The notice shall also state a location in County offices where a copy of the Agreement may be obtained without a copying charge.

List of Class Members.

86. The County shall prepare a list of persons who appear to be class members and divide the list into two groups -- (C) employees currently employed by the County, including current employees in temporary, part-time and full-time status, and (F) former employees not now employed by the County. Employees in group C shall receive notices with the first paycheck after notices are to be distributed and those in group F shall receive notices at the last known address in the County's payroll records.

Time of Mailing Notices.

87. The notices of settlement hearing shall be mailed by a date set by the Court, with the intent of allowing about one month's notice prior to the settlement hearing.

Other Notice.

88. By the above date of mailing, the County shall also provide a copy of the notice to employees' collective bargaining representatives and shall make the notice available in electronic format in a manner likely to be seen by County employees.

VIII. NOTICE, CLAIMS PROCEDURE, AND PAYMENT PROCEDURE

Notices.

- 89. For all class members eligible for compensation under Part VI, the County shall provide notices as follows:
- 90. No later than February 5, 1998, the County will provide a notice, claim form, and information summary (described below) to class members currently employed with that employee's paycheck.
- 91. No later than February 5, 1998, the County shall mail, by regular first-class mail, a notice, claim form, and information summary to the last known address of class members who no longer work for King County. If the letter is returned by the U.S. Postal Service as undeliverable, then the County shall re-mail the materials in care of the last known address of the person named by the employee as the employee's emergency contact.
- 92. In addition to the mailing described in ¶91, class members shall also be notified through the Internal Revenue Service of their opportunity to file claims. By no later than February 15, 1998, the County shall provide to IRS the list of class members, by name and Social Security number and whatever other information is required by IRS in the format required by IRS (e.g., electronic transmittal, tape, diskette). The notice to these class members shall, in addition to the notice and claim form, state how an employee may obtain his/her information summary.
- 93. The County shall provide a copy of the notice to employees' collective bargaining representatives by February 5, 1998.
- 94. The County shall publish the notice in the Sunday edition of the Seattle

 Times/Seattle Post Intelligencer, the Eastside Journal, the South County Journal, and the News

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Tribune on February 8 and 15, 1998. The notice shall be placed in the local news section, the sports section, or the first section of the newspaper.

- 95. By February 5, 1998, the County shall conspicuously post the notice on employee bulletin boards in all County buildings, including, where practicable, the offices of each department, division, section and unit.
- 96. By January 15, 1998, the County shall announce the existence of the notice in electronic format in a manner likely to be seen by County employees and inform employees how to obtain complete copies of the notice and claim form and state where to obtain the information summary.

Content of Notices.

- 97. The notices to class members, claim forms, and information summary shall be in a form approved by plaintiffs' counsel and the Court.
- 98. The "information summary" form prepared by the County for each eligible class member shall provide a summary of the pertinent facts concerning that employee. These facts include (a) the employee's date of hire, (b) the date the employee first became eligible to receive compensation (Beginning Date, see ¶66 above), (c) the number of hours worked in each consecutive 12-month period from that date, (d) the months in each period in which the class member worked half-time or more. For class members who did not receive compensation in lieu of leave benefits ("benefit offset"), the summary shall also include the employee's gross pay for each calendar year of employment. The notice shall state that the class member shall receive a distribution based on information in the summary.

Claim Requirements.

99. Only eligible class members (or their agents or heirs) who submit a claim form CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT - 35

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within the time specified by the Court shall qualify to receive a payment for benefits.

Claims must be postmarked by a specific date set by the Court to allow approxi-100. mately 90 days after IRS mails notices to class member, or the claim will be deemed untimely and the claimant will not receive any monetary payment.

Claims Processing.

- The County shall designate a person or office (with an address, telephone number. and e-mail address), known as the Class Action Claims Processing Office, to which the class members will send their claim forms.
- Upon receipt of a claim form that does not dispute the facts in the information 102. summary, the County shall immediately compute the back compensation for that class member by components: base amount for insured benefits, base amount for pay in lieu of leave benefits, and total interest on each of these components through the disbursement date (no later than July 15, 1998). The County shall maintain records available for review by the affected employees (or their agents, class attorneys, or heirs) showing how each component was calculated.
- Where there is a claimant who was not identified by the County as an Eligible 103. Class Member and/or where the claimant disputes the facts of the information summary, the County shall immediately review the data concerning the claimant and, where necessary, review departmental records and the claimant's personnel file. Where the County does not agree with the claimant, the claim will be reviewed by a lawyers' committee consisting of Plaintiffs' Counsel and Defendant's Counsel. If the lawyers' committee cannot unanimously resolve the mater, the claim shall be resolved by the Court. Upon resolution of the claim, where applicable, the County shall compute the compensation for the claimant in the same amount as other Eligible Class Members.

Computation of Cash Payments to Eligible Class Members.

104. At the close of the claims period and following the resolution of the disputed claims referenced in ¶103, the County shall compute each Eligible Class Member's *pro rata* share (see ¶78 above) of the Fund distributions to the class. Any mandatory deductions shall be made (FIT, FICA, Medicare Tax, and, where applicable, PERS).

Disbursements.

- 105. No later than July 15, 1998, or ninety days from the close of the claims period and the resolution of the disputed claims referenced in ¶103, whichever is later, the County shall disburse the payment to each Eligible Class Member for his/her *pro rata* share of the Fund, together with an itemized statement or itemized pay stub showing the payment items.
- 106. The County shall pay the employer's share of applicable taxes and PERS contributions.
- 107. No later than the deadline for disbursement referenced in ¶105, the County shall pay to Bendich, Stobaugh & Strong, P.C., the attorneys' fees for recovery of compensation for past benefits. This amount is deducted from the Class Distribution Fund pursuant to ¶81.
- 108. Required W-2s and 1099 forms will be provided to payees in a timely manner as required by federal law.

Auditing.

- 109. There shall be an independent auditing process, as agreed to by the parties and/or as approved by the Court, to monitor and/or audit the data compiled by the County for accuracy and to verify the computations of amounts due made by County are accurate.
- 110. In the event the auditing process identifies a problem and, after consultation with County personnel, the problem is not resolved, then Plaintiffs' counsel and Defendant's counsel

shall be informed. If the parties' counsel cannot resolve the problem, the matter shall be resolved by the Court.

Review of Records.

111. Plaintiffs' counsel and Defendant's counsel shall be entitled to access to and copies of all records: (a) used to compile the data concerning class members, (b) programs and formulas used to calculate the payments to class members, (c) notices, mailing lists, and lists sent to IRS, and (d) other information regarding the claims and computation process.

Compliance With Schedule.

112. Plaintiffs agree that until the deadline for disbursement as set forth in ¶105, the Class Distribution Fund for payments to the class for denial of benefits shall not accrue further interest payable to eligible class members beyond the specified amount of the Fund (¶81). In the event the disbursements to the eligible class members are not made by the deadline referenced in ¶105, interest shall accrue from that date at 12% per annum on the undistributed amounts of the Fund (see ¶63 above for Fund amount) and such interest shall be added *pro rata* to the amounts to be disbursed to the class members.

IX. COURT'S AUTHORITY AND ENFORCEMENT

modified in this Agreement. The Court retains authority to interpret and enforce this Agreement, to resolve minor ambiguities, to make reasonable modifications to which the parties agree, and to correct minor mistakes and minor technical errors, provided the purposes and intent of the Agreement are fulfilled. Subsequent to the dismissal of claims (Part X), the Court retains authority to compel specific performance of all requirements of the Agreement that are intended to be carried out after dismissal of claims. For purposes of any such enforcement action, King

County agrees that employees working half-time or more on a long-term (non-temporary) basis are entitled to enforce King County Charter §550's provisions on Career Service by showing they were misclassified as temporary or part-time non-Career Service employees.

X. DISMISSAL OF CLAIMS

the Transition Provisions (Part V) and Compensation and Payment Provisions (Parts VI and VIII) are completed and the County's final report on its payments and compliance with these provisions is approved by the Court. In the event that the County repeals or amends pertinent provisions of the County Charter and/or ordinances accompanying this Agreement (see ¶41) and it then takes actions that would be contrary to the Future Relief portions of this Agreement (Part IV), the dismissal of claims is without prejudice with respect to employees affected at that time.

DATED: October 17, 1997.

Approved by:

KING COUNTY EXECUTIVE

8 RON SIMS

Approved as to Form:

NORM MALENG

King County Prosecuting Attorney

KAREN A. POOL WORBY, WSBA #22067

Senior Deputy Prosecuting Attorney
Attorneys for Defendant King County

Approved by:

BENDICH, STOBAU STRONG, P.C

JUDITH E. BENDICH, WSBA #3754

STEPHEN K. STRONG, WSBA #6299

DAVID F. STOBAUGH WSB #6376

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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Honorable Steven Scott, Judge

Civil Track I

SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR KING COUNTY

| MICHAEL J. LOGAN, | et al.,) | |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| |) | CONSOLIDATED |
| | Plaintiffs,) | CLASS ACTIONS |
| |) | NO. 93-2-20233-4 SEA |
| v. |) | |
| |) | ADDENDUM AND |
| KING COUNTY, |) | CLARIFICATION TO |
| |) | OCTOBER 17, 1997 |
| | Defendant.) | SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT |
| | | |

The parties through their respective counsel agree that there are certain minor clarifications to the October 17, 1997 Settlement Agreement that should be approved by the Court and incorporated into the Agreement. These agreed clarifications are as follows:

- 1. With respect to ¶44, p. 18, it is clarified that to be in Group A and Group B, the class member must be on the King County payroll as of July 31, 1997.
- 2. The last sentence of ¶79 is corrected to read: "These additional sums received by the named plaintiffs (\$25,500) shall be paid directly by King County, and are in addition to the \$22 million Class Distribution Fund. These additional sums to the named plaintiffs shall not be paid from, nor deducted from, the Class Distribution Fund."
- The third sentence of ¶83 is corrected to read: "A reasonable amount to cover those fees and costs is \$174,500, which shall be paid by King County to Bendich, Stobaugh & Strong . . . [to end of sentence].

ADDENDUM AND CLARIFICATION TO OCTOBER 17, 1997 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT - 1

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| A new paragraph is added to the Settlement Agreement for clarification after ¶41 |
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| s as follows: "Any employee, except for Group A employees, who continues or |
| porary or part-time position will, as of January 1, 1998, begin the 1998 calendar year |
| hours. Hours worked by such employees in 1997 will not be transferred to the |
| r. This provision does not affect the rights of Group A and Group B-1 class |
| ppeal (see ¶55), nor other rights for these class members as specified and set forth i |
| at Agreement." |
| |

A copy of this Addendum shall be appended to the October 17, 1997 Settlement Agreement whenever copies are distributed.

DATED: October 22, 1997.

BENDICH, STOBAUGH & STRONG

JUDITH E. BENDICH, WSBA #3754

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

NORM MALENG

King County Prosecuting Attorney

KAREN A POOLDORBY, WSBA #22067

Senior Deputy Prosecuting Attorney
Attorneys for Defendant King County

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The Honorable Steven Scott

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LOGAN, et al.,

KING COUNTY,

vs.

Defendant.

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SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR KING COUNTY

Plaintiffs,) NO. 93-2-20233-4 SEA
) SECOND ADDENDUM AND
) CLARIFICATION TO OCTOBER 17,

) CLARIFICATION TO OCTOBER 17) 1997 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT)

The parties through their respective counsel agree that there are certain clarifications and revisions to the October 17, 1997 Settlement Agreement that should be approved by the Court and incorporated into the Agreement. These agreed clarifications are as follows:

- 1. Paragraph 56, line 13, is corrected to delete the word "ABC."
- 2. After the last sentence of Paragraph 56, the following language is added: "Current B-1 employees who work half-time or more and either currently receive 15% in lieu of leave benefits or will receive 15% in lieu of leave benefits prior to December 31, 1997, will continue to receive this premium pay until resignation,

CIVIL DIVISION
Employment Section
3900 Key Tower
700 Fifth Avenue
Seattle, Washington 98104
(206) 296-8820 FAX 296-0420

Norm Maleng, Prosecuting Attorney

SECOND ADDENDUM AND CLARIFICATION TO OCTOBER 17, 1997 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT - 1 termination of employment, hire into a benefitted position, or the employee works less than half-time in a calendar year. If an employee becomes eligible to receive other compensation for leave benefits under the settlement agreement or proposed ordinances, under no circumstances shall the employee receive double recovery."

- 3. The first sentence of Paragraph 96 is corrected to read: "By February 5, 1998, the County shall announce....[to end of sentence]."
- 4. The provision of reasonable notice to potential class members is satisfied by sending notice to individuals who worked 910 hours or more in a work unit in which a thirty-five hour work week is standard or 1040 hours or more in a work unit in which a forty hour work week is standard in a rolling twelve month period.

A copy of this Addendum shall be appended to the October 17, 1997 Settlement Agreement whenever copies are distributed.

19042 *

Presented by:

NORM MALENG

King County Prosecuting Attorney

By: KAREN A POOL NORBY
WSBA NO. 22067

Senior Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Attorneys for King County

- /s/ Stephen K. Strong, per
By: faxed signature - attached
STEPHEN K. STRONG
WSBA No. 6299

BENDICH, STOBAUGH & STRONG

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

SECOND ADDENDUM AND CLARIFICATION
TO OCTOBER 17, 1997 SETTLEMENT

AGREEMENT - 3

Norm Maleng, Prosecuting Attorney
CIVIL DIVISION
Employment Section
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700 Fifth Avenue
Seattle, Washington 98104
(206) 296-8820 FAX 296-0420

TO OCTOBER 17, 1997 SETTLEMENT

AGREEMENT - 3

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|-----|--|--|--|
| 1 | The Court having reviewed the above clarifications hereby | | |
| 2 | ORDERS that the Second Addendum and Clarification to the October 17, | | |
| · 3 | 1997 Settlement Agreement is approved. | | |
| 4 | DATED: December, 1997. | | |
| 5 | | | |
| 6 | The Honorable Steven Scott | | |
| 7 | The Ronorable Steven Scott | | |
| 8 | Presented by: | | |
| 9 | NORM MALENG BENDICH, STOBAUGH & STRONG | | |
| 10 | King County Prosecuting Attorney | | |
| 11 | BY: KAREN A. POOL NOREY STEPHEN K. STRONG | | |
| 12 | WSBA No. 22067 WSBA No. 6299 | | |
| 13 | Senior Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Attorneys for Plaintiffs Attorneys for King County | | |
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| | Norm Maleng, Prosecuting Attorney CIVIL DIVISION SECOND ADDENDUM AND CLARIFICATION Employment Section 2000 Very Toward | | |

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